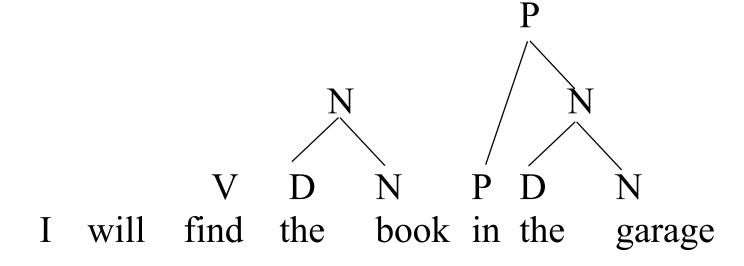
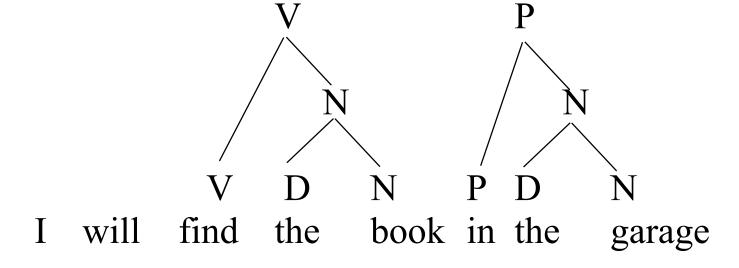
# Syntax 2

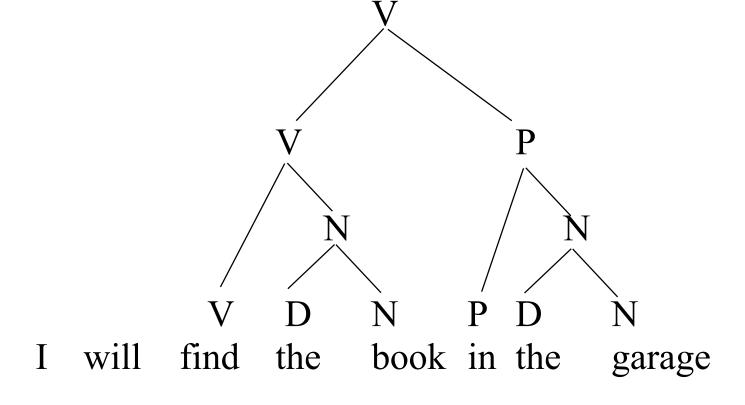
#### Some syntactically pleasing headlines:

Miners Refuse To Work After Death
Enraged Cow Injured Farmer With Axe
Squad Helps Dog Bite Victim
Two Sisters Reunited After 18 Years in Checkout Counter
British Left Waffles On Falkland Islands Lansing
Residents Can Drop Off Trees
Ban On Soliciting Dead In Trotwood
Kids Make Nutritious Snacks

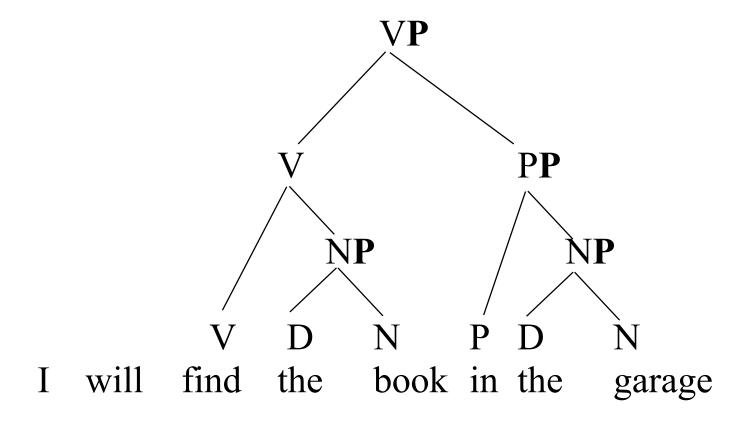
V D N P D N
I will find the book in the garage





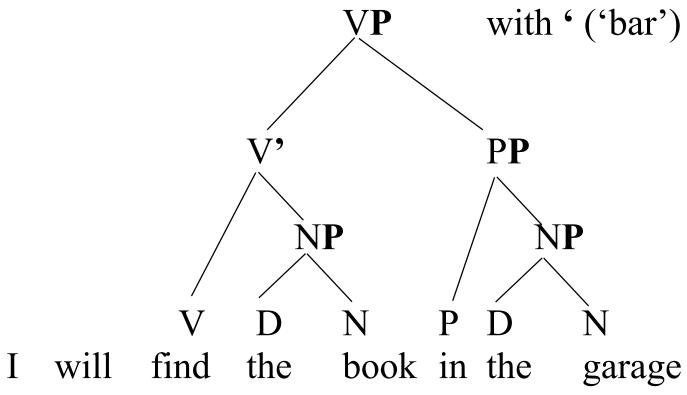


convention: we typically mark the highest node with a given label with **P** (for 'phrase')



convention: we typically mark the highest node with a given label with **P** (for 'phrase')

Nodes bigger than just N, V, etc. but not **P** are marked



The tree that we just built has a PP modifying a VP.

PP can also modify NP:

I will find books about syntax.

Some consequences...

#### recursion:

Since NP can contain PP, and PP can contain NP, there is no reason to ever stop talking.

#### recursion:

Since NP can contain PP, and PP can contain NP, there is no reason to ever stop talking.

books [about islands [on lakes [on islands [on lakes...]]]]

#### competence vs. performance:

You couldn't actually utter an infinitely long noun phrase, but your grammar is capable of producing one.

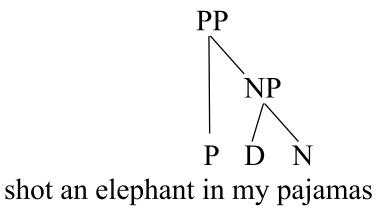
I shot an elephant in my pajamas.

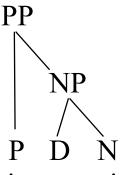
I shot an elephant in my pajamas.

...how he got in my pajamas, I'll never know.

--Groucho Marx, Animal Crackers

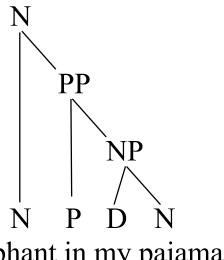
PP can modify NP or VP:



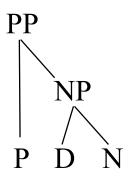


shot an elephant in my pajamas

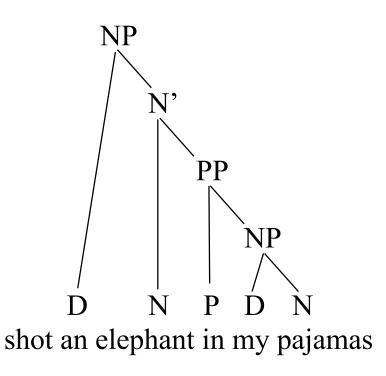
PP can modify NP or VP:



shot an elephant in my pajamas

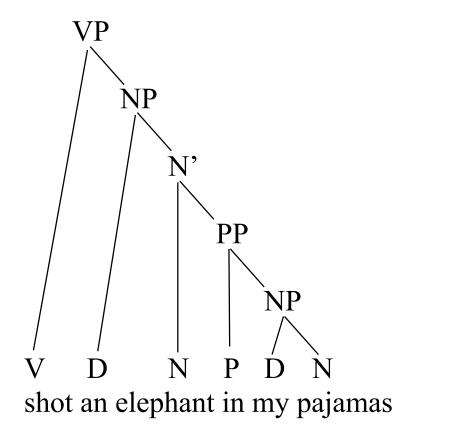


shot an elephant in my pajamas



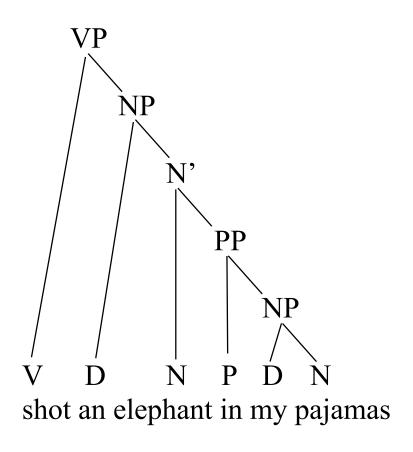
PP NP P D N

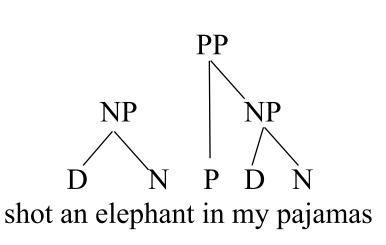
shot an elephant in my pajamas

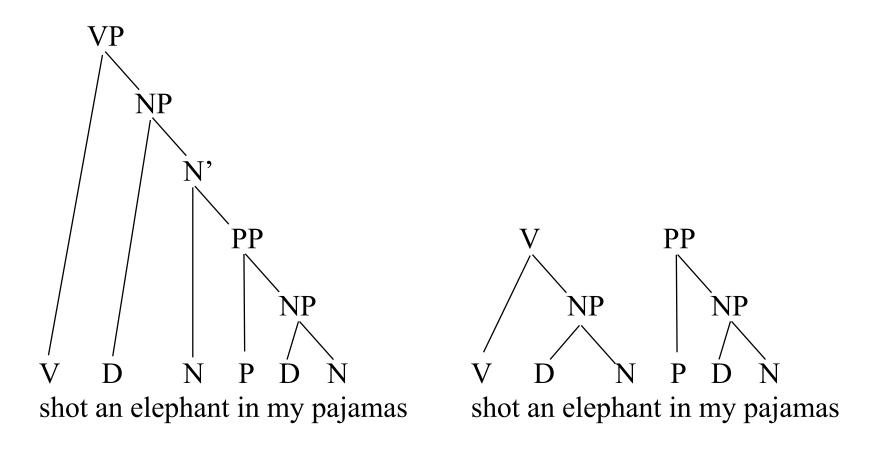


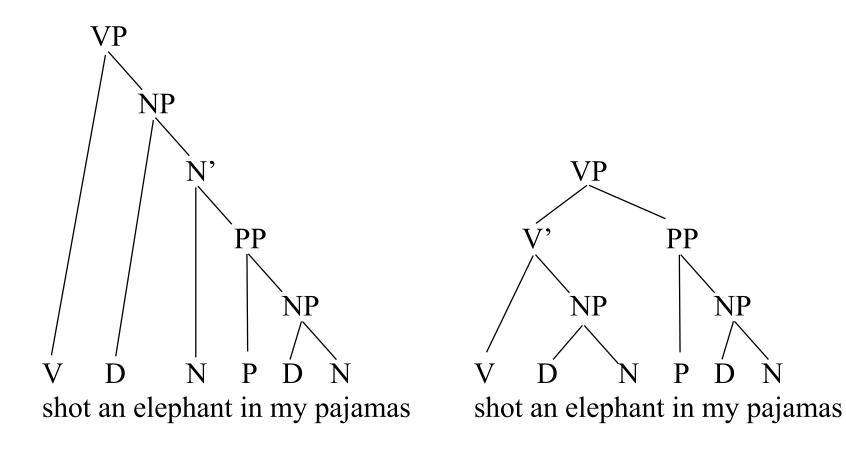
PP NP P D N

shot an elephant in my pajamas

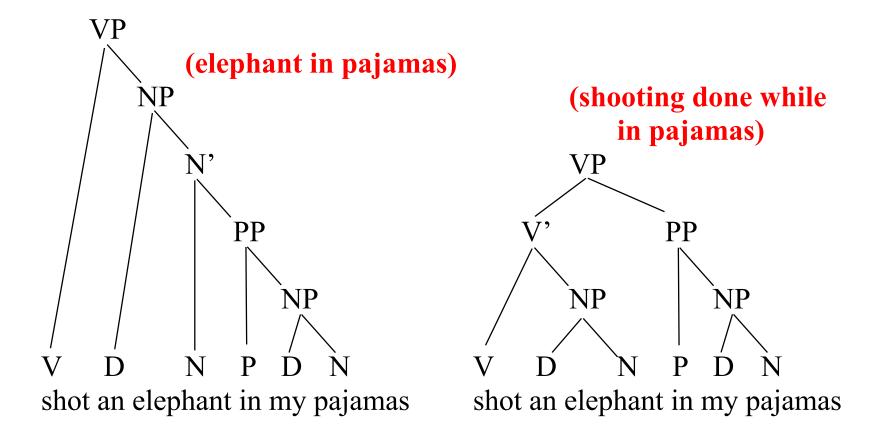




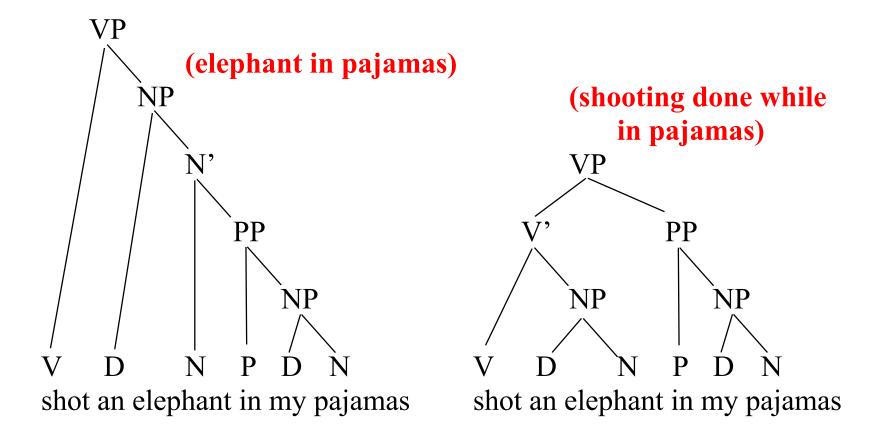




## <u>ambiguity</u>

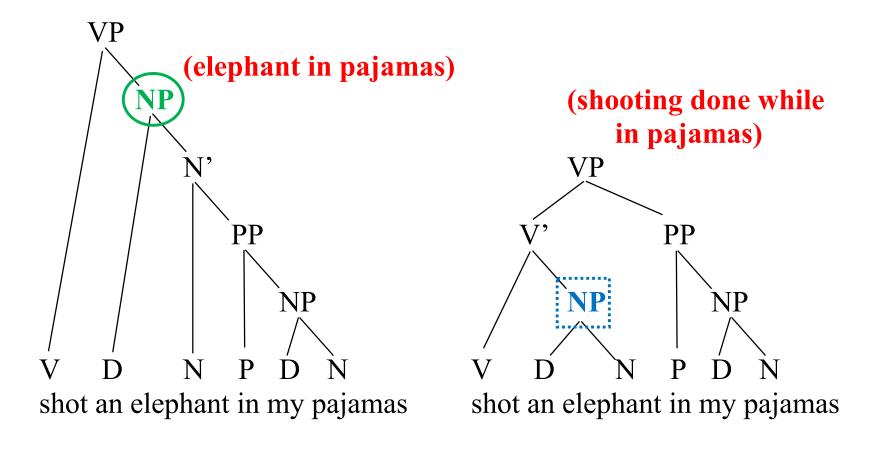


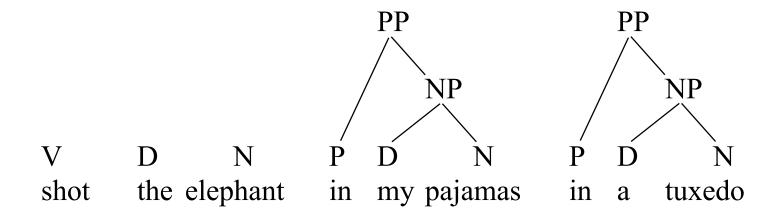
# [the elephant], I shot in my pajamas [the elephant in my pajamas], I shot.

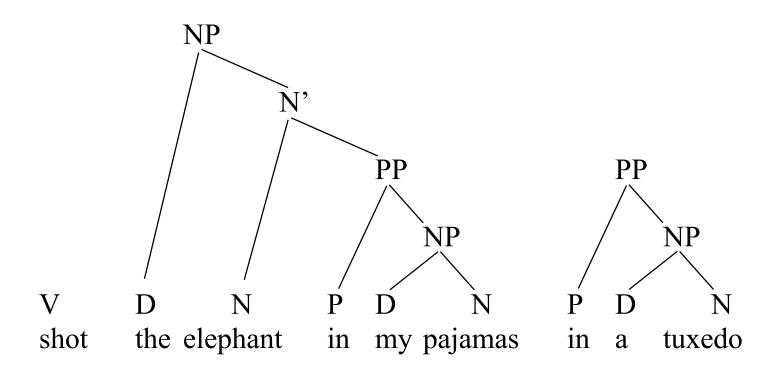


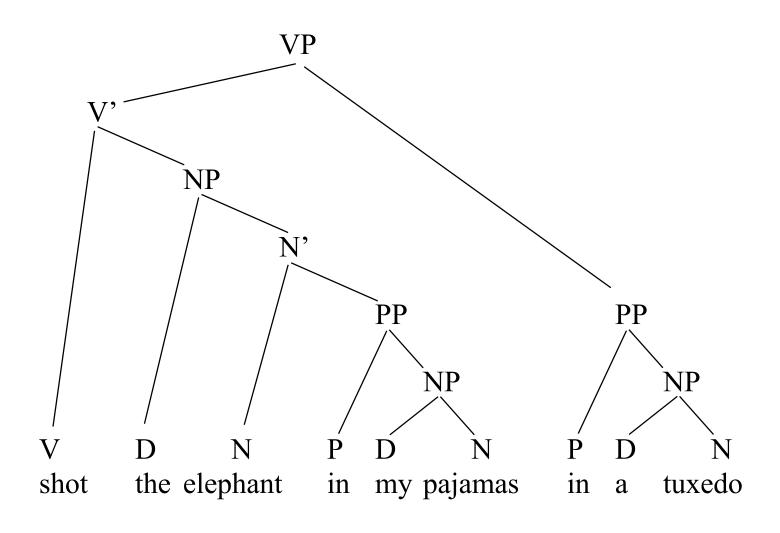
## <u>ambiguity</u>

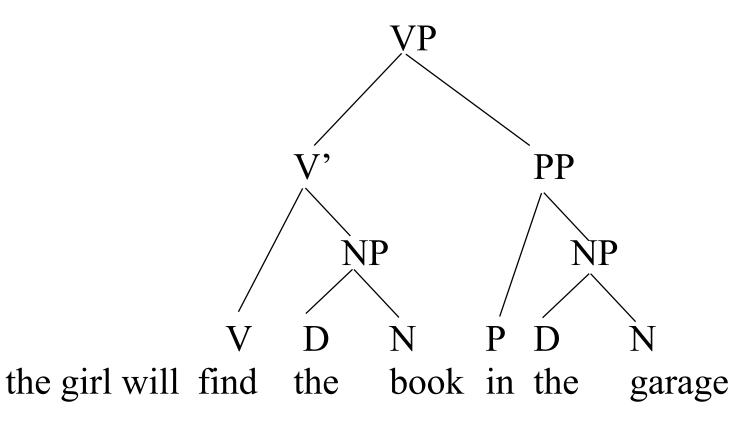
[the elephant], I shot in my pajamas [the elephant in my pajamas], I shot.

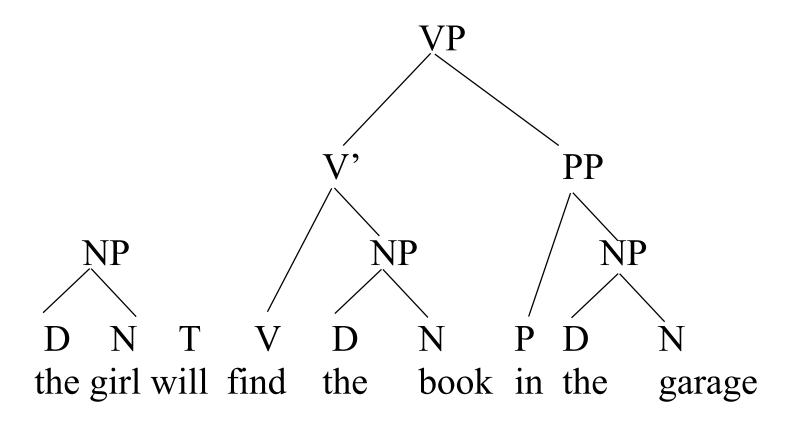


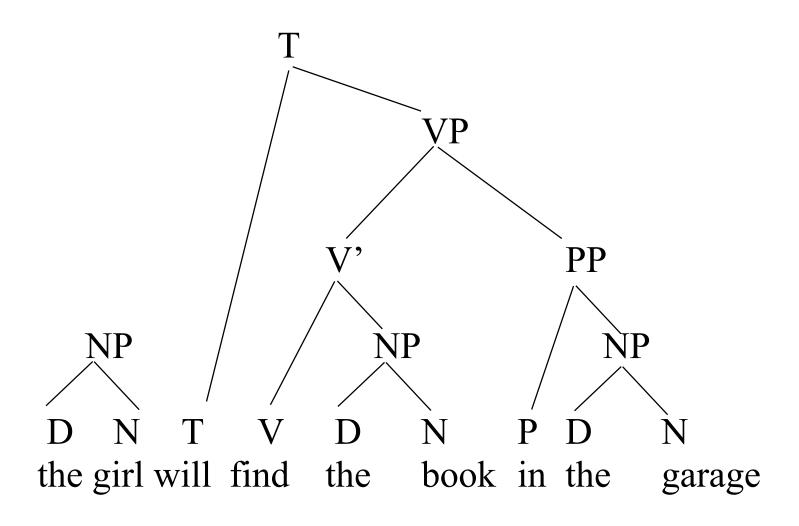


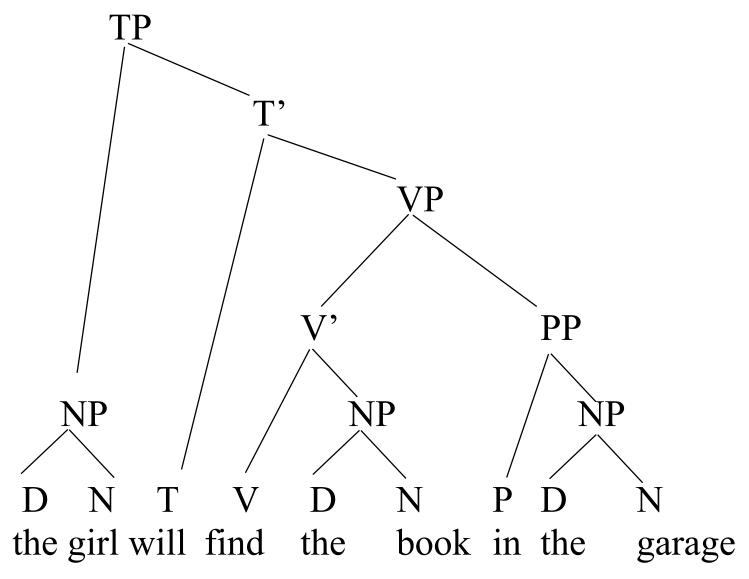




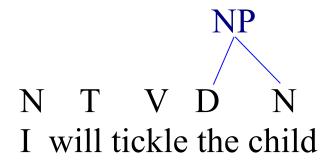


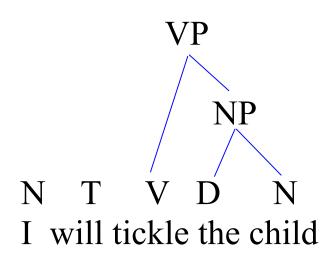


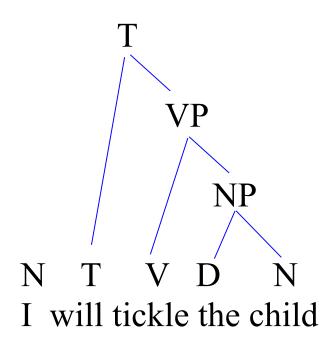


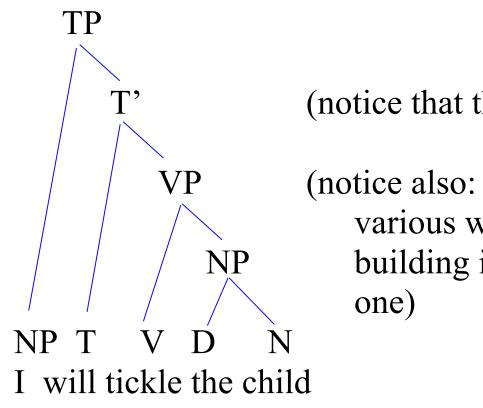


N T V D N
I will tickle the child (T=Tense, D=Determiner)



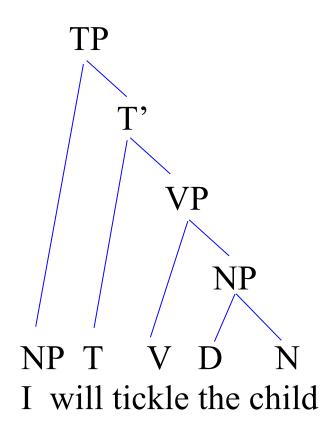


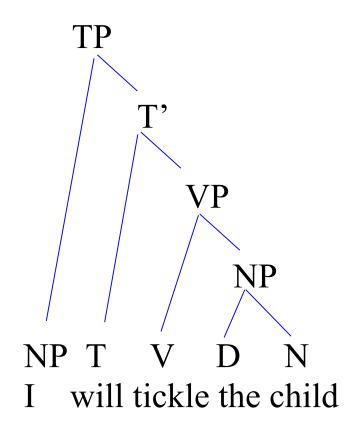


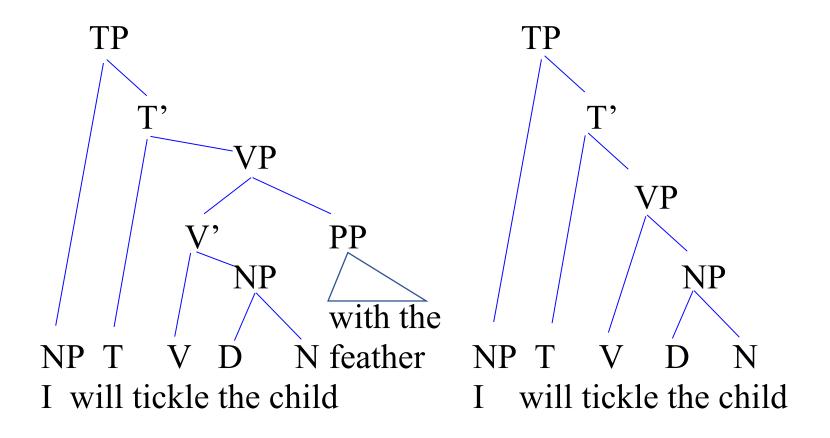


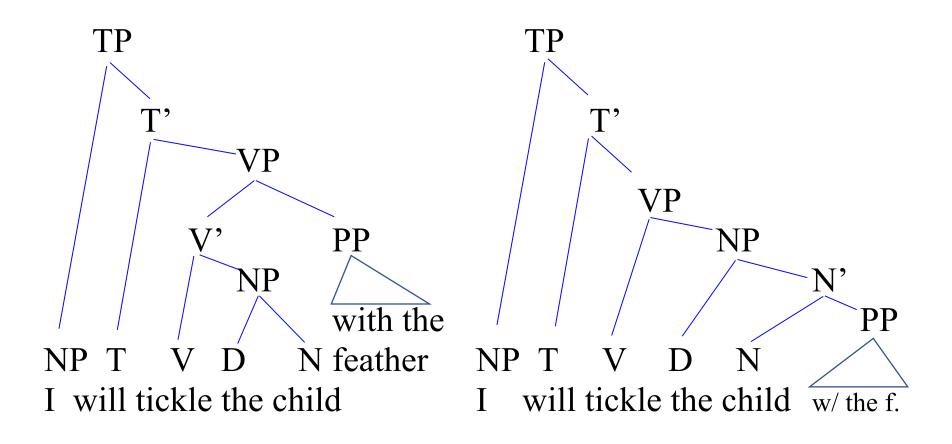
(notice that the N 'I' is also an NP...)

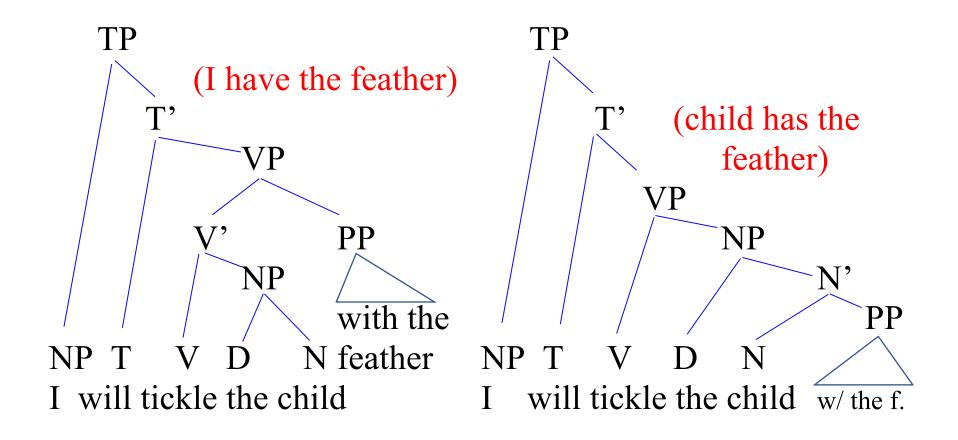
(notice also: we hadn't yet met TP. various ways you could imagine building it; we'll see evidence for this one)



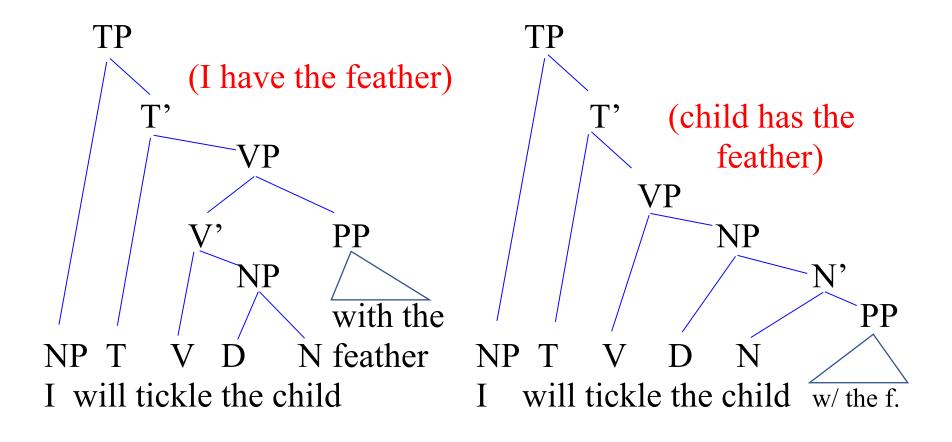




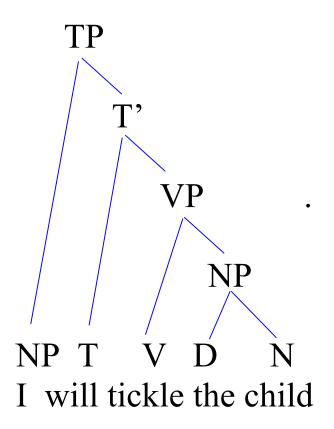


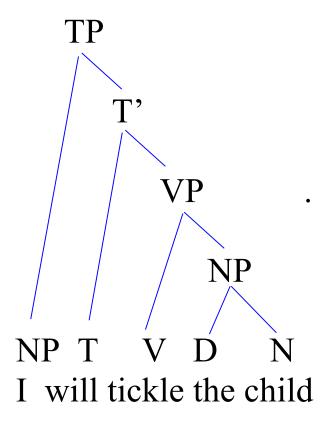


# I will tickle the child with the feather the child with the feather, I will tickle. the child, I will tickle with the feather.

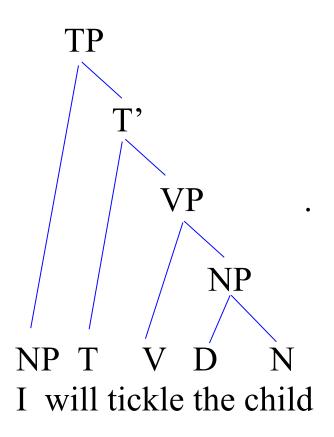


• T and VP are **sisters** 

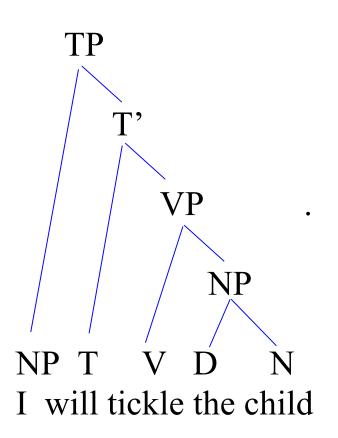




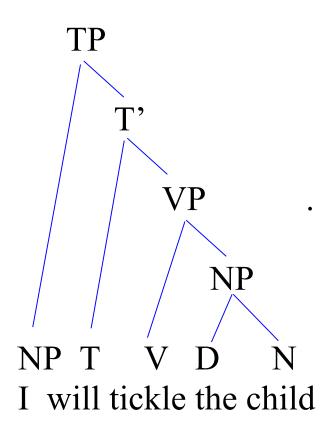
- T and VP are **sisters**
- VP is the **mother** of V and NP.



- T and VP are sisters
- VP is the **mother** of V and NP.
- VP <u>immediately dominates</u>
   V and NP.



- T and VP are sisters
- VP is the **mother** of V and NP.
- VP <u>immediately dominates</u>
   V and NP.
- VP **dominates** V, NP, D, and N.



- T and VP are sisters
- VP is the **mother** of V and NP.
- VP <u>immediately dominates</u>
   V and NP.
- VP **dominates** V, NP, D, and N.
- $\alpha$  is a **constituent** if all and. only the words in  $\alpha$  are dominated by a single node.

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