12.810 Dynamics of the Atmosphere Large-scale flow with rotation and stratification

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Visualization of meandering jet stream



Upper level winds from June 10th to July 8th 1988 from MERRA Red shows faster winds

https://svs.gsfc.nasa.gov/3864

Courtesy of NASA/Goddard Space Flight Center Scientific Visualization Studio.

Teleconnections: Propagation of quasi-stationary Rossby waves from imposed heating in tropical West Pacific



FIG. 8. Longitude-latitude picture of the day 15 $\sigma \approx 0.24$, meridional wind perturbation for the heating on a Dec-Feb zonal flow. The contour interval is 0.5 m s⁻¹. The zero contour is not shown, and the negative contours are dashed.

Jin and Hoskins, JAS 1995

Large-scale dynamics: Important for events like the 2010 Pakistan flooding event



(a) Twelve hourly precipitation from the ERA-Interim reanalysis (black bars) averaged over northern Pakistan regional box.
(b) The time series of large-scale vertical velocity in the ERA data as functions of time and pressure. Day 0 indicates 1 July 2010. The black vertical lines mark days 20, 23, 27, and 30, indicating the time windows of the two extreme precipitation events.
(c) Rainfall from TRMM accumulated from days 28 to 31.
(d) Geopotential height anomaly at 500hPa days 28 to 31.

Large-scale flow with rotation and stratification: Lecture plan

- I. Potential vorticity and Rossby waves in the shallow water system
- 2. Quasigeostrophic dynamics in a continuously stratified atmosphere
- 3. Omega equation for vertical velocities
- 4. Vertical and horizontal propagation of Rossby waves on the sphere

Rossby waves

RELATION BETWEEN VARIATIONS IN THE INTENSITY OF THE ZONAL CIRCULATION OF THE ATMOSPHERE AND THE DISPLACEMENTS OF THE SEMI-PERMANENT CENTERS OF ACTION*

By

C.-G. ROSSBY AND COLLABORATORS

Massachusetts Institute of Technology

This paper attempts to interpret, from a single point of view, several at first sight independent phenomena brought into focus through the synoptic investigations carried on at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology during the last few years. Since this interpretation is very largely based on a consideration of the changes in vorticity which must occur in vertical air columns which are displaced from one latitude to another and since such vorticity changes play a fundamental role also in Ekman's general ocean current theory (1932), the results would appear to be of enough interest to physical oceanographers to warrant their publication in this journal. The

$$c = U - rac{eta L^2}{4\pi^2}$$
Rossby, J. Marine Res., 1939



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^{k L_R} **Rossby-wave dispersion relation**

 $\tilde{\omega}/\hat{\beta}L_R$ as a function of kL_R and lL_R



Fig. I Arrows show direction of group velocity

l L_R

MONTHLY WEATHER REVIEW

PV inversion for a ball of cyclonic PV in NH



FIG. 1. Idealized schematic of an isolated cyclonic spherical PV anomaly in a uniform background state. The vertical axis is scaled by N_0/f_0 .

Nielsen-Gammon et al, MWR, 2008

VOLUM

8

Fig. 2

Potential vorticity on the 320K isentrope



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Zonal and time-mean potential temperature (K)



Fig. 4

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Jet streak in westerly wind at z=5km

westerly wind increases linearly with z (not shown)



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Jet streak is a result of dipole of anomalous PV





Fig. 5

Holton and Hakim Fig 6.12

Dynamic evolution: jet streak moves downstream Arrows show wind induced by the *positive* PV anomaly

2000 **Positive PV** anomaly 1000 y (km) -1000Slowly advects negative PV -2000 anomaly downstream -2000 - 10001000 2000 0 x (km)

Holton and Hakim Fig 6.12

Fig. 5

13

Dynamic evolution: jet streak moves downstream Arrows show wind induced by the *negative* PV anomaly



Fig. 5

Holton and Hakim Fig 6.12

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Ageostrophic circulation (u_a, v_a) and w associated with jet streak



PV song

G D Em С C6 When I find myself in times of trouble, Father Hoskins comes to me, (funky instrumental interlude ad lib, D С d/b c/a b/g = GG Speaking words of wisdom, PV_ with performers gyrating cyclonically and anticyclonically, pairing off etc.) D Em C6 And in my hour of darkness, Baroclinic instability: G D С d/b c/a b/g = GThere will be an answer, **PV** G Em C6 And when the night is cloudy, There's a diabatic theta-E Bm C Em PV, PV, PV, PV, d/b c/a b/g = GG D С That modifies the parcel's PV D G С d/b c/a b/g = GThere will be an answer, **PV** D G Em С C6 Swirling round the isentropes. Around the world and back to me, G D d/b c/a b/g = GС Em D C6 But it integrates to zero, PV And when the broken contours tell us There's cascading enstrophy, Em Bm C G D С d/b c/a b/g = GPV, PV, PV, PV, There will be a closure, PV_____ _ _ _ G D C d/b c/a b/q = GD Em C6 Yes it all adds up to nothing, PV And when it's less than zero and it's Lost its ellipticity, G D С d/b c/a b/g = GYou just can't invert it, PV Bm С Em PV, PV, PV, PV, The PV Song (C) 1992- Nick Hall & John Thuburn with contributions from Michael McIntyre D С d/b c/a b/g = G G and the international atmospheric-science community You just can't invert it, **PV** Figure courtesy of Juckes and McIntyre 1987, personal communication

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Large-scale dynamics: Important for events like the 2010 Pakistan flooding event



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(c) Vorticity advection term in omega equation.
(d) Temperature advection term in omega equation.

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